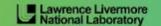
Performance Analysis with Vampir

Bert Wesarg Technische Universität Dresden







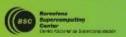
























Event Trace Visualization with Vampir

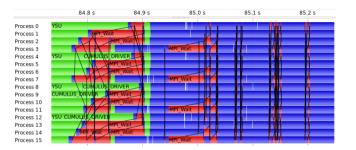
- Visualization of dynamic runtime behaviour at any level of detail along with statistics and performance metrics
- Alternative and supplement to automatic analysis

Typical questions that Vampir helps to answer

- What happens in my application execution during a given time in a given process or thread?
- How do the communication patterns of my application execute on a real system?
- Are there any imbalances in computation, I/O or memory usage and how do they affect the parallel execution of my application?

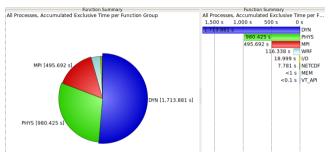
Timeline charts

 Application activities and communication along a time axis



Summary charts

 Quantitative results for the currently selected time interval

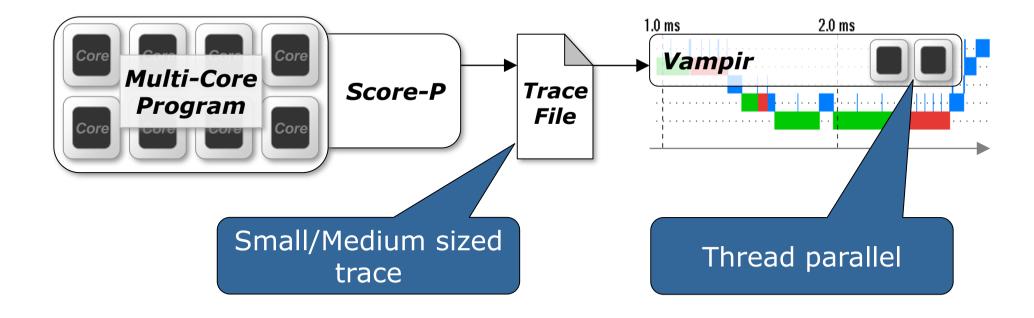




Visualization Modes (1)

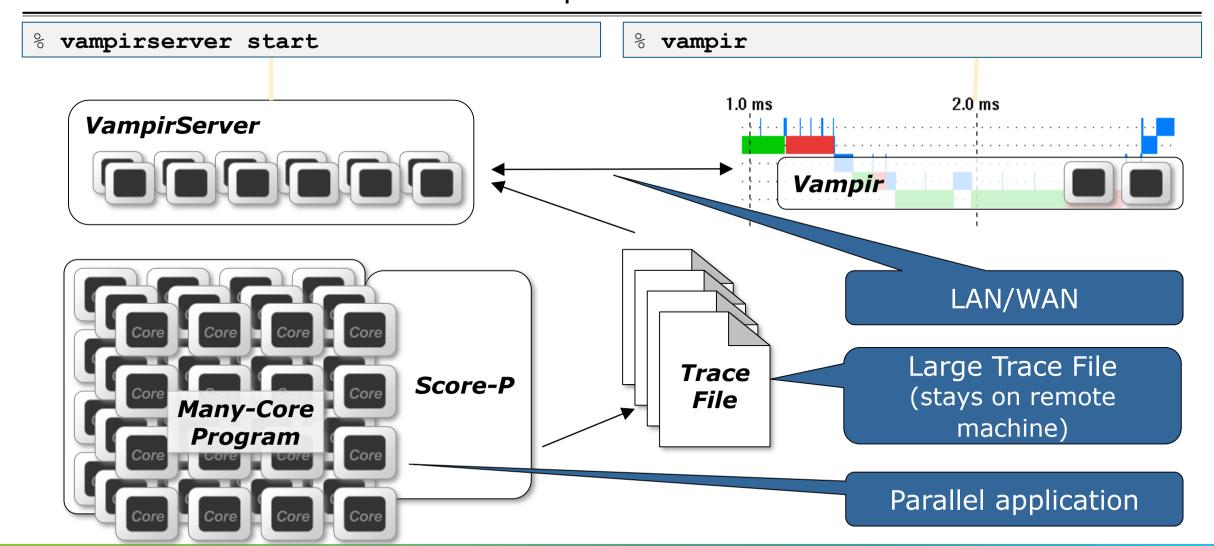
Directly on front end or local machine

% vampir



Visualization Modes (2)

On local machine with remote VampirServer





Main Performance Charts of Vampir

Timeline Charts



Master Timeline



Process Timeline



Summary Timeline



Performance Radar



Counter Data Timeline



I/O Timeline



→ single thread's activities

all threads' function call statistics

→ all threads' performance metrics

→ single threads' performance metrics

→ all threads' I/O activities

Summary Charts



Function Summary



Message Summary



I/O Summary



Process Summary



Communication Matrix View



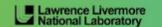
Call Tree

Vampir Case Study: Analyzing Load Imbalance in COSMO-SPECS

























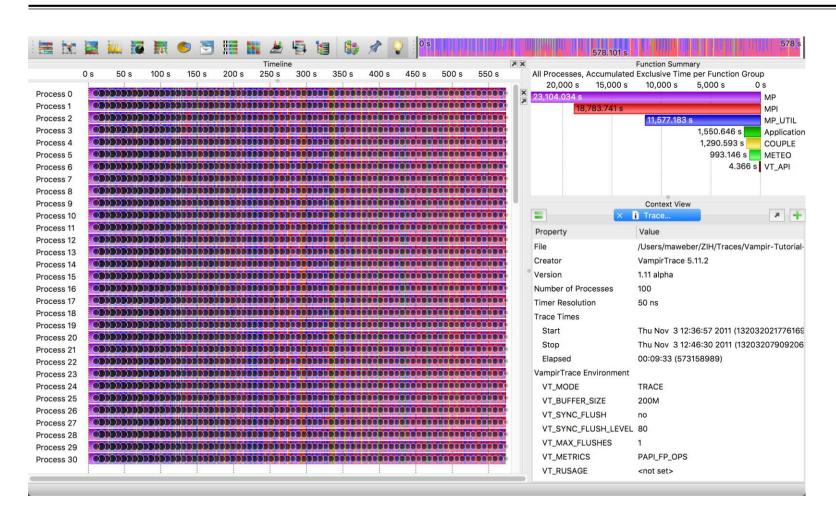




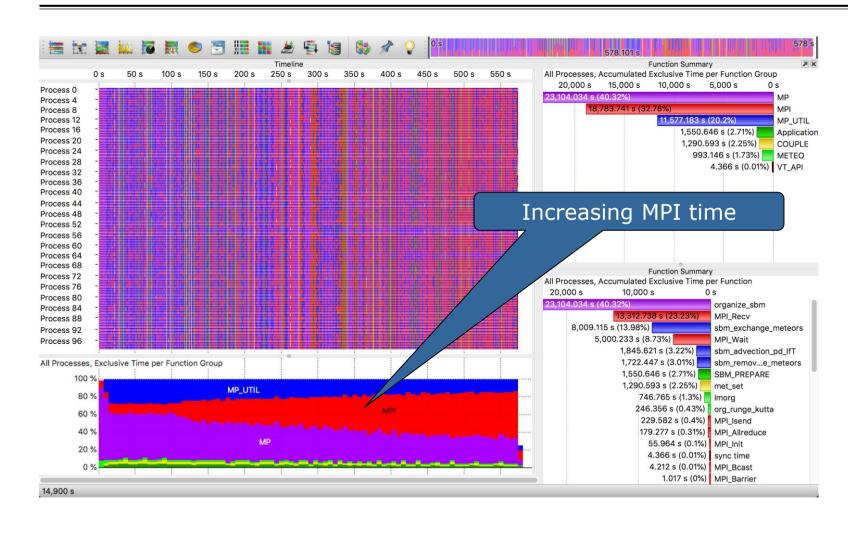




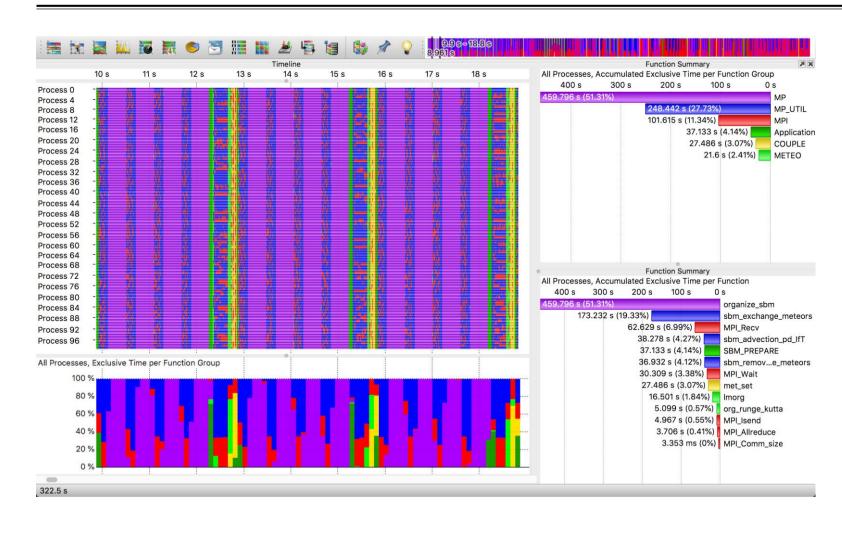
COSMO-SPECS



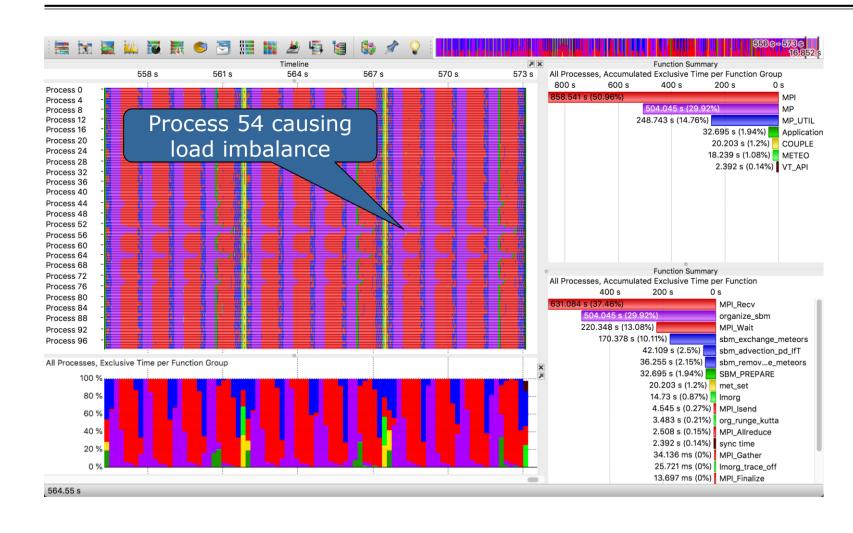
- Weather forecast code COSMO-SPECS
- Run with 100 processes
- COSMO: weather model (METEO group)
- SPECS: microphysics for accurate cloud calculation (MP and MP_UTIL group)
- Coupling of both models done in COUPLE group



- Compared to METEO, MP and MP_UTIL are very compute intensive, however this is due to more complex calculations and no performance issue
- Problem: >32% of time spent in MPI
- MPI runtime share increases throughout the application run



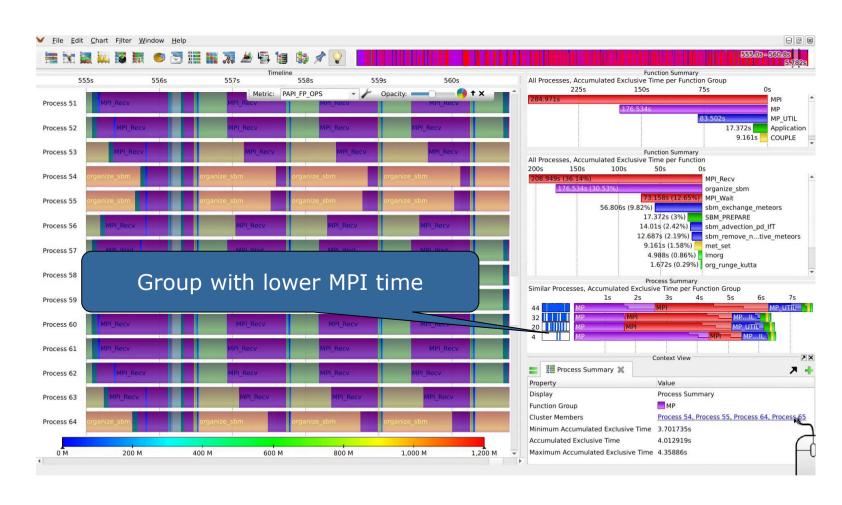
- Zoom into the first three iterations
- MP/MP_UTIL perform four sub-steps in one iteration
- Low MPI time share
- Everything is balanced and looks okay



- Zoom into the last three iterations
- Very high MPI time share (>50%)
- Large load imbalance caused by MP functions around Process 54 and Process 64



- PAPI_FP_OPS counter showing higher FLOPs rates on processes causing the imbalance
- Reason for imbalance:
 Static grid used for distribution of processes.
 Depending on the weather, expensive cloud computations (MP group) may be only necessary on some processes



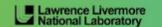
- Process Summary helps finding outliers
- Groups processes by their behavior (similar call/duration profile)
- Number of expected groups is variable
- In this case 4 yields the best results

Vampir Showcase: Analyzing Multilayer File I/O Applications

























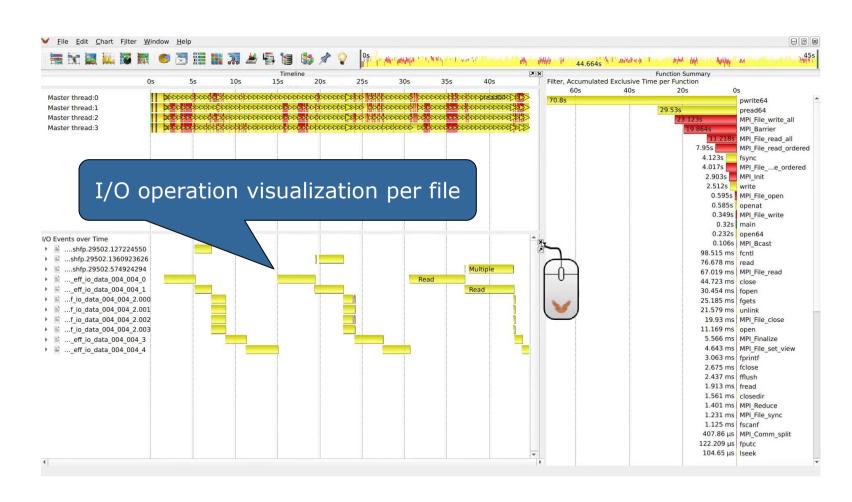








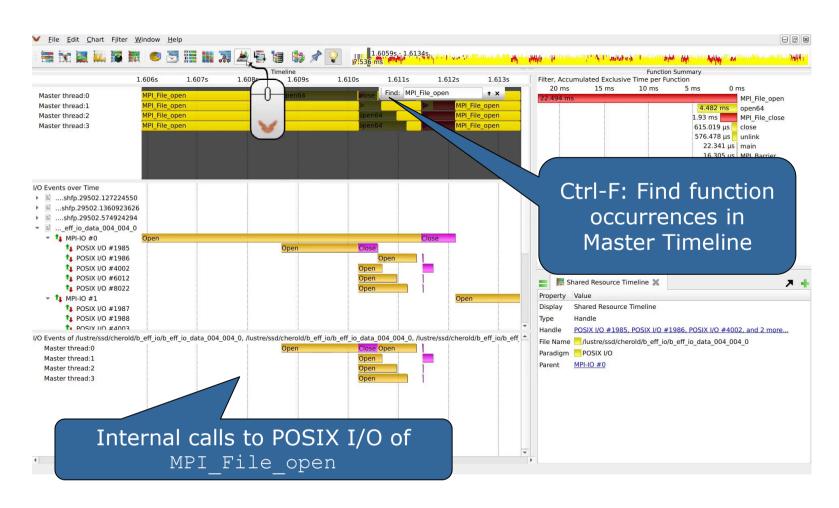
Multilayer File I/O Application



- IO bandwidth benchmarkb_eff_io
- Measures achievable I/O bandwidth of parallel MPI-I/O applications
- Shared Resource Timeline offers a per file and per thread view on File I/O operations



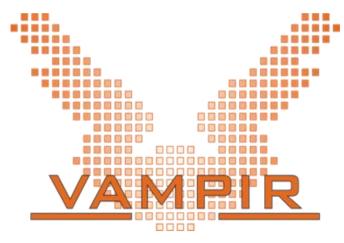
Multilayer File I/O Application



- Visualization of I/O on multiple layers (MPI & POSIX)
- Example: behavior ofMPI_File_open
- Internally uses POSIXopen for opening the actual file on disk
- Multiple consecutive calls to open and close on master rank

Summary

- Vampir
 - Interactive trace visualization and analysis of:
 - MPI, OpenMP, CUDA applications
 - File I/O
 - Hardware performance counters
 - (Collective) communication
 - Intuitive browsing and zooming
 - Available for Linux, Windows, and macOS
- VampirServer
 - Scalable to large trace data sizes (20 TiByte)
 - Scalable to high parallelism (200,000 processes)



https://vampir.eu/